

# **Medicine Policy**

# **Reviewed February 2020**

## Aims of Policy

- To ensure that children with medical needs have equal access to the learning environment.
- To define procedures for managing prescription medicines which need to be taken during the school day
- To define procedures for the administration of controlled drugs
- Define procedures for managing medicines on educational visits
- Clearly state the roles and responsibilities of staff in managing the administering or supervision of administering of medicines
- Define procedures for the storage of medicines
- Define procedures for assisting children with long-term or complex medical needs

## Managing prescription medicines which need to be taken during the school day.

- Parents have the prime responsibility for their child's health and should provide full information about their child's medical needs, including details on medicine their child needs. If appropriate, parents should obtain information for the school from relevant health professionals.
- Medicines should only be taken at school when it would be detrimental to a child's health if they did not take it during the school day.
- Parents are to ask the prescriber that wherever possible dose frequencies allow medicine to be taken out of school hours i.e. three times a day being in the morning, after school and bedtime.
- School should only accept medicines that have been prescribed by a doctor, dentist, nurse prescriber or pharmacist prescriber.
- Medicines will only be given if provided in the original container with the prescriber's instructions for administration included.
- School will not alter the dosage from the prescriber's instructions on parental request
- Any medicine no longer needed shall be returned to the parent for disposal
- NON-PRESCRIPTION MEDICINES WILL NOT BE GIVEN BY A MEMBER OF STAFF unless there is specific prior written permission from the parents i.e. throat lozenges etc
- Children will NOT be given aspirin, paracetamol or medicines containing ibuprofen unless prescribed by a doctor
- A list of children taking regular medication will be placed on the school register.
- A completed parental consent form must be handed in with the medication.

## Procedures for administering Controlled Drugs

- At St Ann's Catholic Primary we have designated staff to administer medicine, however any member of staff may administer a controlled drug to the child for whom it has been prescribed in accordance with the prescriber's instructions.
- It is permissible for a school to look after a controlled drug where it has been agreed it will be administered to the child for whom it has been prescribed.
- Controlled drugs will be kept in a locked container which only named staff have access to. A record of administering will be kept for safety purposes.
- Any controlled drug no longer needed shall be returned to the parent for disposal.

#### Procedures for managing medicines on educational visits

As with procedures for administering prescribed medicines above and:

- Wherever possible it is good practice for school to encourage children with medical needs to participate in educational visits.
- Where necessary, an individual risk assessment will be undertaken for children with long term medical needs.
- Where necessary an additional helper/or the parent will accompany the child
- Where a health care plan is in place, a copy should be taken by the teacher in charge in order to have any relevant information available in case of emergency.
- If staff are concerned about ensuring the safety of a child/or other children on the visit school should seek parental/medical advice as appropriate.

# Roles and responsibilities in managing the administering or supervision of administering of medicines

Parents:

- Defined as the person/people with parental responsibility including foster carers.
- Only one parent need request medicines be administered. A court should settle disagreements between parents. School should continue to give the medicine as per instructions until a court decides otherwise.
- Should a child be a 'Looked After Child' staff should liaise with Sarah Eady (Headteacher & SENCO)

#### School:

- The Governing Body will monitor and review this policy
- The Headteacher will ensure the policy is known to staff and implemented
- The Headteacher will ensure staff receive any relevant training
- The Headteacher will ensure parents are informed that if acutely ill a child must be kept at home.
- The Headteacher will agree with parents exactly what support is needed and appropriate for both the child and school and seek advice from medical advisors should a parent's request seem unreasonable.
- Staff should be made fully aware of a child's medical needs and procedures to follow if an emergency was to occur. The child's parents/health professionals should provide this information.
- All staff should be aware of the likelihood of an emergency occurring and what action to take if one does.

- Teachers are not required to administer or supervise the administration of medicines. School should ensure there are enough appropriately trained support staff to carry out this role.
- Any member of staff agreeing to accept responsibility for administering prescribed medicines should receive appropriate training.

#### Procedures for the storage of medicines

- All medicines are potentially harmful to anyone for whom they are not prescribed.
- Large volumes of medicines should not be stored by school.
- Medicines should be stored in accordance with instructions i.e. correct temperature
- Medicines will only be accepted if clearly labelled with name, dosage and in the original container.
- Children should be made aware of where their medicine is stored and who is responsible for administering it.
- All emergency medicines such as inhaler and adrenaline pens should be readily available and not locked away.
- Medicines not requiring refrigeration will be kept in the main school office. Those requiring refrigeration will be kept in a fridge which is not accessible by children.
- Asthma inhalers will be kept centrally in the classroom.
- Any medication which needs to be taken daily in the longer term i.e. Ritalin will be stored in the First Aid room, subject to the conditions outlined previously re dosage, packaging etc. Children taking this medication will be told who is responsible for administering their medication.

#### Assisting children with long-term or complex medial needs

- Where there are long-term medical needs for a child, including administration of medicines for a period of 8 days or more, a Health Care Plan may be completed if needed and should involve parents/carers and relevant health professionals as appropriate.
- A health care plan clarifies for staff, parents/carers and the child the help that can be provided. It is important for staff to be guided by the school nurse or the child's GP or paediatrician. The child's health care plan which includes a photograph of the child will be kept in the school office and a copy given to class teacher.
- The school will agree with parents/carers how often they should jointly review the Health Care Plan depending on the individual needs.
- The school will be guided by the *DFES* publication 'Managing Medicines in Schools and Early Years setting' when dealing with the needs of children with the following common conditions:
- Asthma
- Epilepsy
- Diabetes
- Anaphyaxis
- Allergies

N.B If a child refuses medication, staff should not force them to take it but inform the parents at the earliest opportunity.